



THE London Journal

SATURDAY, August 25. 1722.

To the Author of the London Journal.

SIR,

In my last Letter I have considered exclusive Companies, as they affect the Trade and Commerce of the Kingdom; and in this I shall view them in relation to our Constitution, and shew that they alter the Ballance of our Government, too much influence our Legislature, and are ever the Confederates or Tools of ambitious and designing Statesmen.

Very great Riches in private Men are always dangerous to States, because they create a greater Dependence than can be consistent with the Security of any sort of Government whatsoever; they place Subjects upon too near a Level with their Sovereigns; make the Nobility stand upon too great an Inequality in respect of one another; destroy amongst the Commons that Ballance of Property and Power, which is necessary to a Democracy, or the democratical Part of any Government, overthrow the Poise of it, and indeed alter its Nature, though not its Name: For this Reason, States who have not an Agrarian Law, have used other Means of Violence or Policy to answer the same Ends: Princes often, either by extraordinary Acts of Power, by Feign'd Plots and Conspiracies, and sometimes by the Help of Real ones, have cut off these excrecent Members and Rivals of their Authority, or must have run the hazard of being cut off by them. Aristocracies put them upon expensive Embassies, or load them with honorary and chargeable Employments at home, to drain and exhaust their superfluous and dangerous Wealth; and Democracies provide against this Evil, by making their Estates divide after their Deaths, amongst their Children or Relations in equal Degree.

We have Instances of the first in all Arbitrary Monarchies, as well as in all the *Gothick* Governments formerly, and in *Poland* at present, which are constant States of War or Conspiracy between their Kings and Nobles, and which side forever gets the better, the others are for the most Part undone: By doing the second, the Nobles of *Perse* keep up their Equality; and *Nassau*, *Switzerland*, and the free States of *Germany* make the latter Provision, which, as I have said, answers in some Measure the Purposes of an Agrarian Law; but by waiting for the Division of their Substance, other States have been undone, and particularly *Flanders* was enervated by the overgrown Power of the House of *Medici*.

And as great Riches in private Men is dangerous to all States, so great and sudden Poverty produces equal Mischiefs in free Governments, because it makes those who by their Birth and Station must be concerned in the Administration necessities and desperate, which will leave them the Means, and give them the Will to destroy their Country; for the Political Power will remain some Time in their Hands after their Natural Power and Riches are gone, and they will over make use of it to acquire that Wealth by Vice.

lence and Fraud, which they have lost by Folly and Extravagance; and as both of these Extremes are certainly true of single Men, so there are more dangerous in Numbers of Men joyned together in a Political Union, who, as they have more Wealth than any particular Man ever had or can have, so they will have the separate Interest of every Individual to assist them, arising from the Dependence of Friendship, Relation, Acquaintance, or Creatures, without that Emulation and Envy which will always be raised by the sudden and exorbitant Riches of private Men. 'Tis certain, that they both make too violent an Alteration in Property, and almost always produce violent Convulsions in Government.

Now Companies bring all these Mischiefs upon us; they give great and sudden Estates to the Managers and Directors, upon the Ruin of Trade in general, and for the most Part if not always upon Thousands of Families, who are embark'd in the Society it self: Those who are in the Direction and the Secret of the Management, besides all their other Advantages, draw out and divide all their Principal and what they can borrow upon their Credit, perwade innocent and unwary People to believe they divide only the Profits of their Trade, and by a thousand other Artifices heightening their Advantages, draw them in to share in them; and when they have wound up the Cheat to the highest Pitch it can go, then like Rats leave a falling House, and Multitudes of People to be crush'd by it. This was the Case of the *East-India* and *African* Companies formerly, whose Stock sold for three hundred per Cent. when it was not worth a Great; and how far it is the Case of the present *East-India* Company, their Members are concerned to enquire.

What Ruin, Devastation and Slaughter of Estates! what Publick Misery, and Destruction of Thousands, I may say Millions, have we seen by the Establishment and wicked Intrigues of the present *South-Sea* Company, only to make a few unshapely and monstrous Members in the Body Politick? What has that Company done for the Benefit of Trade, which they were established, forsooth, to promote? They have suffered Numbers of our Manufactures to rot in their Ships, hindered private Traders from carrying on an advantageous Commerce to the lower Parts of *America* and the *South-Sea*, and, like the Dog in the Manger, will neither eat themselves, nor let any one else eat; and 'tis said by their wise Conduct, have lost a Million or Two of the Company's Principal.

The Benefits arising by these Companies, generally, and almost always, fall to the Share of the Stock-jobbers, Brokers, and those who cabal with them, or else are the Rewards of Clerks, Thimblemen, and Men of nothing; who neglect their honest Industry to embark in those Cheats, and to either undo themselves and Families, or acquire sudden and great Riches; then turn awkward Statesmen, corrupt Boroughs, where they have, nor can have, no natural Interests, bring themselves into the Legislature with their pedling and jobbing Talents about them, and so become Brokers in Politicks as well as Stock, they wanting every Qualification which ought to give them a Place there.

It is a strange and unnatural Transition from a Fishmonger or Pedlar to a Legislator: However, as such doughty Statesmen, by their single Abilities, can do no Good, so they can do but little Harm; but when united in a Body under the Direction of artful Managers combining with great Men

(Price Three Half-pence.)

Men, they can turn all Things into Confusion, and generally do so. When Men have great Sums of Money to give, and will give it, they will ever find People to take; and there can be no flattery against them in a Body how contemptible soever they are in Particular. How often have the Crises of the whole Kingdom of England been able to prevail against the Interest of the East-India Company? What by proper Applications in former Reigns made to our Courts, to Ministers and Favourites, and the Members of each House of Parliament, they have been able to contend, and get the Better of the Tears and Complaints of the whole Kingdom besides, and to lay asleep the true and real Interest of those who abhorr'd them; and if ever hereafter our Three great Companies should unite together (as 'tis to be feared they will always do when their Interest doth not clash) what Power is there in Being to oppose them, that will be able and willing to do it? In Holland, which is a more jealous Government than ours, the East-India Company governs the State, and is in Effect, the State it self; and I pray God we may never find the like elsewhere!

What have we been able to do to redress the Ravages brought upon us by the South-Sea Project? Which yet must have produced much greater, if we had not suffered these. When it was in its Meridian, I have heard some Persons argue the Reasonableness of their having a Monopoly of the Trade of *England*, since they were possessed of most of the Property of *England*; and I do not see by what Means it could have been prevented. They would have filled the Legislature with their own Members, all our great Men must have been their Pensioners, and the Crown it self been obliged to have kept Measures with them; they would have been the only Shop to have went to for Money, and would not have parted with it but upon their own Terms, and would have been ever lying upon the Catch to purchase more Privileges and Advantages; so that the Nobility and Gentry of *England* must either have embark'd their Fortunes and Expectations in this Monopoly, or have been humbly contented to have been governed by a Faction composed for the most part of Pedlars, Grocers, and Brokers, of such as lately were so; and the Constitution it self had been gone, and changed into a Stockjobbing Cabal.

We have seen but few Instances where the private Traders of England, and the Interests of General Trade have been able to dispute with the Interests of little Companies or particular Societies of Tradesmen, or the peculiar Privileges of Corporations, tho' they are Burthens, and a dead Weight on the Estates of every Person in Both Houses, lessen their Income, and increase their Expences, such is the Fascination and Witchcraft of political Confederacy! What will be the Event of these Combinations, no Man can foresee, and every wise Man ~~must~~ dread. Indeed, I don't see how we can prevent their dismal Consequences, but by paying off our Debts, and by dissipating those factious Combinations, dissolve the Enchantment.

After all I have said, I must confess, that the *East-India Company* is liable to less Objections than any other trading Monopoly, but not for the Reasons they give, but for a Reason which is worth an hundred of theirs; for as all beneficial Trades are most successfully carried on by free and open Commerce, so all losing ones do less Mischief when monopolised; and as the first ought to receive all possible Encouragement, so the other ought to be put under suitable Discouragements; and since we can have no Prospect at present of that Trade's being put upon an advantageous Foot, the next best Thing we can desire is to let it go on upon the present Establishment, which in all Probability will soon destroy it, and perhaps put it upon a good one; if that can be done for 'tis certain, if it could be carried on with its full Swing, it would save us of every Penny of our Money, and destroy every Manufacture in the Kingdom, as well as every Man in it, which in a proper Time may possibly be shown at large.

In fine, Monopolies are equally dangerous in Trade, in Politics, and Religion: A free Trade, a free Government, and a free Liberty of Conscience, are the Rights and the Blessing of Mankind.

I am, S.I.B.,
Your Humble Servant,
G. A. T. G.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS

TH E Northern Letters are too contradictory to be much depended on; but what seems to come nearest Truth is, that the Czar's Troops have taken Pofi in Georgia, where they are about to build a Fort that is to be called Peter's Haven; and that the rest are failed with the Fleet to make themselves Masters of Derbent. — Affairs in Poland

look not now with so pleasing an Aspect as that Court had flattered themselves they would. As the Days approach, the major part of the Nobility intimate more and more their backwardness in confiding to the Succession of the Crown in the Electoral Prince of Saxe. It begins to be doubted by some, whether that Diet will be assembled; and if it is, 'tis much fear'd by the Court that it will prove fractious of what they expect from it. — The States of Holland, it seems, have at last resolved to proceed with the Sale of all the Domains of Holland, notwithstanding the Opposition and Difficulties raised by the Chamber of Accounts. They are deliberating whether their Squadron now fitting against the Algirines shall Winter in the Mediterranean, or be order'd Home. — What we mention'd in our last, as to the Bishop of Cremon's retreating from Versailles, proves true; and it seems he did it with a Design to retire from the World, and end his Days in a Monastery; but the youthful Monarch being unwilling to lose his old Preceptor, in a Letter to that Prelate so moved him, that he is again returned to Court. All the Conversion there turns upon expected Changes, since the Disgrace of the Marechal de Villeroi, who bears his Misfortunes with a Superior Greatness of Soul, and entire Renegation. The Cardinal du Bois is declared Prime Minister, and it is rumour'd that the Regent will also be Lieutenant-General of the Kingdom. The French Ministry seem to have much at Heart, the Re-establishment of their East-India Company, and they are at present employed on the same. — The Irish Officers in Spain, are order'd to repair to their Garrisons on pain of being put under Arrest, which is greatly mortifying to them at this Juncture. His Catholick Majesty has revoked the Prohibition that was laid upon French Ships entering the Ports of Cadiz, &c. upon Account of the Contagion, and has granted Liberty to import to that Kingdom, Linnens from brittany and Normandy, to the no small Joy of the Traders. — 'Tis wrote from Vienna, that the Electoral Prince of Bavaria's Marriage will be consummated there on the 7th of next Month, after which the Emperor will set out for Presburg.

L O N D O N.

Extract of our Letters from Worcester of the 17th Inst.
THIS Day the 4 Criminals mentioned in my former
• were all executed here, according to their Sen-
tence; the Man who died for picking Pockets, was a Ro-
man, and as such, would give no Account of himself to
our Minister that usually attends Malefactors; but his Ac-
tions bespeak his Unfitness to die, for he lived in a continu-
al Debauchery with the Girl who died for poysoning her
Grandfather, and thereby also prevented her receiving
any Impressions to her Advantage. — The old Woman
who was the Girl's Accomplice in the Fact, left the World
in as wretched a Manner as she had lived in it, swearing
and cursing almost with her dying Breath, and the very
last Word she spoke was calling the Girl a Liar: The only
one that own'd his Guilt, and seemed concerned for it,
was the Man that suffered for Burglary; but even he was
so stupid and ignorant, that all that was said to him made
but little Impression on him. This was the largest Execu-
tion that has been with us these 16 Years, and so makes pret-
ty much Noise in the Country.

Last Week an unhappy Accident happen'd near this City, between two Waggoners Boys, who quarrelling for the Road, one of them in his Rage, throw a Stone at the other, who was something bigger than himself, which struck him on the Head, and killed him upon the Spot.

Last Week Earl Cadogan, Master-General of the Ordnance with several other Officers thereof, went to Woolwich, to make Proof of a considerable Number of Cannon and Mortars newly cast for the Service both of Sea and Land.

Mr. Rowley, an excellent Mathematical Instrument-Maker in Fleet-street, has finish'd, with great Success, an Orrery, bespeak by the Earl Cadogan; it demonstrates at first sight, the Motions of all the Celestial Bodies, and that of the Earth, according to Sir Isaac Newton: His Majesty having seen it, has order'd another to be made by the same Hand, and when that is finish'd, the Maker is to go over with the first to Vienna, and present it from his Lordship to Prince Eugene.

We hear, that several Ships which were building by Order of the Directors of the South-Sea Company, after the Dutch Maamer, to be employ'd in the Greenland Fishery, have, upon their Re-arrival not to prosecute that Trade as yet, been countermanded; and that the Builder, with some Alteration, has difpos'd of them for other Purposes.

A Gentleman of the Royal Society has received a Present from abroad of a Horn of an Ethiopian Goat, which is a Yard

and a Quarter in length ; it is thought to be the longest that ever was seen.

On Monday last his Majesty, accompany'd by his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, and a numerous Court, review'd the four Troops of Horse Guards, and the two Troops of Horse Grenadiers, in Hyde-Park ; who being all new cloath'd on that Occasion, made a most fine Appearance, and his Majesty was well pleased therewith. 'Tis said, each of their Suits cost Forty Five Pounds.

Count Scaremberg, the Imperial Ambassador, who accompany'd the King at the Review, told his Majest, that the English Soldiers made a finer Appearance than the German Officers.

It is now past doubt, that his Majest will set out for Salisbury Plain, in order to Review the Forces encamp'd there ; for a Detachment of Horse Guards consisting of 100 Men, is appointed to conduct him thither. It is said the Prince, the Lord Townhead, Mr. Walpole, &c. will accompany him in that Journey, which is appointed to begin on Monday next ; and that in his return he will visit Portsmouth.

The 17th Instant a Gentleman went into the George and Catherine Wheel-Inn in Bishopsgate-street desirous to lodge there ; and as he appear'd to be in some hurry and disorder of Mind, the People of the House endeavour'd to dissuade him from taking up his Abode with them ; but to no purpose, for he would lodge there. He soon went to Bed, and hearing nothing of him, at Noon the next Day, they went up to his Chamber, where finding all silent, they broke open the Door, and found him sitting on the Bedside with his Throat cut, and holding the Chamber Pot to bleed in. A Surgeon was immediately sent for, but there being no possibility of saving his Life, he expired in about Half an Hour. It seems he had torn his Papers into such small Pieces that nothing could be made of them, except one Letter to a Taylor, whereby he was discovered to be Sir Humphry Cafoon, of the Highlands, in Scotland. The Coroner's Inquest sat on the Body on Sunday last, and brought in their Verdict *Lunacy*.

The Theatre in Lincoln's-Inn Fields, as well as that of Drury-Lane, is now painting and beautifying, for the Reception of the Town.

A Scheme is at present before the Directors of the South-Sea Company, whereby they intend to dispose of twelve Millions of their Capital by way of Lottery.

On Saturday last fourteen Tide-Waiters in the Port of London were discharge'd, being charg'd upon Oath with taking forty Shillings a-piece, when on Duty on board an East-India Ship in the River, and letting a great Quantity of India Goods be clandestinely landed from the said Ship ; and 'tis said a great many more will undergo the like Fate.

We hear, that Mr. Page, Brother to Sir Gregory, will shortly be marry'd to Mrs. Knights, Daughter to the late Cashier of the South-Sea Company, who has seventeen thousand Pounds Fortune.

On Saturday last was sent from Mr. Phelps's, a Bell-founder in White-Chapel, ten Bells, cast by him for St. Mary's Church in Cambridge.

'Tis wrote from Cologne, that Orders are given for dispersing and imprisoning a Band of Vagrants, who infest the Roads of that Country. Some of them have brought with them from Poland several Bears of a frightful Size, which are taught to dance, and the deluded People pay Money for seeing the Sport ; which has been very tragical in the County of Blankenheim, where one of those Animals getting loose, devoured several Persons, and amongst them 6 Children.

From our Portsmouth Letters of the 20th Inst.

The Wifhes which we have so long indulg'd of seeing his Majesty here, are likely soon to be effectually answ'red ; for we have the strongest Assurances that can be to expect him, after his having reviewed the Camp at Salisbury. My Lord Scarborough has wrote to his Steward to prepare his fine Seat at Stamford, (which for rich Furniture, and a happy Situation, may vye with any in the Kingdom) for his Majest's Reception. Our High Sheriff has likewise Notice of his coming.

The Duke of Portland came not hither, but went from his House at Titchfield directly on board the Kingston ; and as the Elizabeth, his Baggage Ship, was oblig'd to be dock'd, to have a new Rudder hung, and repair some other Damages which he receiv'd, his Grace and the Dutchess, together with the two young Ladies their Daughters, have continu'd all this Time a-board waiting for that Ship, which will be ready to Morrow, when, if the Wind and Weather permit, they sail.

The Falmouth still continues at Spithead, waiting for some Additional Orders ; but the Deptford and Jersey, on Friday last sailed to St. Helens, where they are now at Anchor. 'Tis said, they will be joyn'd by some other Ships from the Downs, with whom they are to cruise, but where

or on what Service I can't tell, tho' 'tis not improbable if may be to curb the Inclination of the Pyramids, and have of late so much annoy'd our Trade.

Besides the Ships already mentioned, and the Lynx bound to Barbadoes with Mr. Worley, there remains at Spithead the Torbay, Ipswich, Bredah, and Otter Sloop ; and in the Harbour the Winchelsea, Drake Sloop and Dublin Yacht ; they have all been dock'd and clean'd ; the former is to attend the Islands of St. Lucia and St. Vincent in America ; the Sloop will return to her Station on the Coast of Ireland, and the Yacht attends the Lord Lieutenant of that Kingdom. Cape Halchen succeeds the late worthy Capt. Owen in the Ipswich.

Several People have been lately committed to Newgate for Robberies in the Streets of London and Westminster, and among the rest John Dyer, Robert Wilkinson and James Lincoln ; the two last of which are charged with the late Murder of Peter Martin, a Pensioner of Chelsea College.

And 'tis reported, that a Fencing or Dancing-Master is confined in the same Place for refusing to provide for his Wife and Children, and letting them become chargeable to St. Giles's Parish.

Our Vienna Letters mention, that on the 6th Instant between Nine and Ten at Night, so great a Number of Grasshoppers lodged in the inward Court, near the Emperor's Apartments at the Favorita, as gave uneasy Apprehensions to several Persons in the Palace, and likewise to the Soldiers. The two other Courts of the Palace had none, and it was the Work of the whole Night and next Day to clear the Court of them. It is reported, that these Insects were seen very early the Day before at Munekendorff, between three and four Leagues from that City.

We hear from Portsmouth, that a noted Brandy Merchant in that Neighbourhood being drinking at a Publick-Tioné there, and Words arising, one of his Companions told him that he had got all his Money (which is a weighty Sum) by cheating the King of his Revenue ; upon which, having drank too plentifully, he not only damn'd the King and Royal Family, but said, *We had no Business to place him on the Throne.* This is already sworn against him, so that he has disappear'd of late. 'Tis greatly hoped his ill-got Pelf, let him apply it how he will, will not be sufficient to skreen him from what he so justly merits.

We are assured by private Letters from Ireland, that there is like to be a very great Dearth in that Country this Year ; that their Hay and Corn Harvest are totally destroy'd, and that they have not had one fair Day since the Beginning of May.

Letters from several Parts of England bring better News, and assure us, that the Harvest is got in almost every where within Sixty Miles of London.

The Smuggling Trade still continues to suffer, for 'tis wrote from Rye that those clandestine Dealers have lately lost Four Hundred Pounds worth of Goods, which the Custom-House Officers seized in a Waggon on the Road. Several considerable Seizures of Brandy have been also made that Way.

Most People think that Sample, who made his Escape from a Messenger, is lurking about the Town ; and that the Report of his being landed in France is only given out by his Friends, to prevent enquiring after him.

Next Term a notable Tryal will come on in the Civil Court, between one Mr. Bentley, a Gentleman of a very considerable Estate, and a second Wife, the first Wife being living ; upon which the Lady sues for a Nullity of Marriage.

On Monday last Mr. Jones, the High-Constable of Holborn Division, joined by several other Constables and Auxiliaries, went to attack the Gamesters at Belfac, and after a considerable Fray, they were totally routed ; Six of them were brought Captive away, and committed to New-Prison ; and Mr. R. Howel, Nephew to Mr. Howel who keeps Belfac, was also taken and committed to Newgate. And, we hear, that one Jenkinson, a Solicitor, was also committed by the same Justices, as a common Cheat.

The same Day a noted Gamester, was taken up in Drury-lane, and being had before a Justice of the Peace, desir'd that he might be admitted to Bail, and for that purpose sent for a Gentleman to appear for him, who accordingly came very handsomely dress'd ; but the Justice enquiring into his Character, and finding him to be an Irish Papist, and of the Fraternity of Gamesters, committed them both to the Bridewell, in Tuttle-Fields.

The Universities of Oxford and Cambridge have desir'd the College of Physicians, in London, not to Licence any Physician who has not been Nine Years a Student ; which Request the College has agreed to.

One Terrence Redman and James Mackenzie, have been lately committed to Newgate for cheating one Mr. Lawrence of a Four Pound Note.

August 25. 1722.

The five following Ships arrived lately in the Downs from India, viz. The Marlborough, Capt. Macclesfield, the Monmouth, Capt. Kemill, and the Heathcot, Capt. Tolton, all from Madras. The Stretham, Capt. Westcot, from Bengal, and the Francis, Capt. Newham, from China.

The Commander of the King George, lately lost in India, is come home in the Stretham; they confirm the Account of the Loss of the Dartmouth, another of the Company's Ships.

Extract of our private Letters from Paris.

* Since Cardinal Du Bois has been made Prime Minister, the Publick Affairs seem to go forward much better than before, and it is not doubted but the Paper Credit will in some Measure revive.

* On Sunday last it began to Thunder and Rain in so violent a manner as never was known in France, which continued all that Night and the Monday following, when a Mill near the Hospital, just without the City, took Fire, and two Men who were at Work therein were consum'd.

* Orange continues in perfect Health, the Lieutenant Colonel of the Crown Regiment is now there with a Hundred Invalids, to establish a good Order among the People, and to put a Stop to all the Disputes that have arisen among them during the Contagion. We have the good News from Avignon of the apparent decrease of the Sicknes; but the extreme Poverty which reigns there, 'tis fear'd, will make a Return of it, if the People don't quickly receive Succour from other Parts. There is great talk here that the Duke of Chartres will be made Constable of France, and that the Duke Regent will be declar'd Generalissimo of all the King's Troops.

Receipts for the 10l. per Cent. deposited on the Subscription for Circulating Exchequer Bills, are delivered out every Afternoon at the Bank.

The Prize Certificates in the Malt Lottery of 1721, to No. 6, in the 13th Course, are now paying at the Bank.

The 11th Infant, a Gentleman and 3 Ladies were robbed in their Coach near Walford of about 10 Guineas a Gold Watch, Rings, &c. by three Highwaymen. And on Sunday following two Men suffer'd in the same manner at the back of Hillington, by 2 Foot-Pads, who not content with their Money, strip'd one of them of a new Suit of Cloaths, carried off the Hat and Wig of the other, and stabb'd one of them in the Leg for attempting to follow them.

The Duke of Marlborough has been pleased to order 73 Shillings to each of the 73 Pensioners of Chelsea College, who attended the Duke's Funeral.

Christned Males 173. Females 161. In all 335.

Buried Males 218. Females 195. In all 413.

Decreased in the Burials this Week 17.

Sir Simon Duce, one of the ancientest Baronets in England, died lately in the Mint.

Bankrupt since our last.

Thomas Hartwell, of Spittlefield, in the Parish of Stepney, Weaver.

Caleb Lendale and John Cook, late of London, and afterwards of Barbadoes, Merchants and Partners.

Thomas Mander, late of the City of Bristol, Soap-Maker.

Prices of Goods at Bear-Key on Wednesday last.

Old Wheat	- 24 to 30	Amber	- - - 21
New Ditto	- 28	Dihillers Malt	16. to 18
Rye	- 14 to 16	Old Red Ports	- 38 l. to 40
Barley	- 12 to 14	New ditto, and White	34 to 36
Beans	- 16 to 20	Mountains & Sherries	50 to 51
Oats	- 12 to 15	Old Canaries	- 34 l. to 36
Pease	- 17 to 20	New Ditto	- 38 l. to 34
Hops	- 32 to 44.	French Brandy	62. to 62.
Brown Malt	at 18 to 20	3 d. per Gallon.	
Pale, Ditto	- 20 to 22		

Just published,

553 The Description and Use of that most Excellent Instrument, generally call'd the MERCATOR'S CHART, of h. f. and O. f. m. v. m. v. m. for the better understanding the Nature thereof, and a Proscript, giving an Account of a New Scale, whereby Distances on a great Circle, may be measur'd or laid off at one Extent of a Pair of Compasses, which renders this Chart as easy, as Protract in the plain Chart. Also a Letter to Dr. Halley concerning the Globular Chart. To which is added a second Letter to the Gentlemen, and a Reply to Mr. Willson's Answer to the first, concerning an Answer to his Challenge, with a further Vindication of the Mercator's Chart, against his false Definitions and Alibi's. A Demonstration of the Falsity of his blustering Title-Page: And, an Offer to the said Willson to meet him before the Royal Society, in order fairly to try with him, in the Presence of that Illustrious Body, by way of Experiment, which is the most Excellent Invention, the Mercator's, or the Globular Chart. Where, by another Experiment, I promise to prove (if he will not fail to meet me) that the Globular Projection must necessarily in many Cases deceiveth the Industrious Manner, Twenty in Forty, as measured by one and the same Scale of Equal Parts, according to his Proposale. By THO. HABRELDEN, late Teacher of the Mathematicks to the Admiralty's Volunteers in the Royal Navy. Printed for the Author, and sold by J. Roberts in Warwick-Lane.

A Child was lately robb'd of a pair of Earrings out of her Ears; and we are told that one Levi, a Woman, robbed her, and is committed to Newgate for that Fact.

Last Wednesday Night, about 11 a Clock, a Coachman waiting at Mr. Bland's near Tower-Dock, the Maid Servant depriv'd the Coachman to carry her and two Children over Tower-Hill; but driving too near the Precipice by the field-Bar, the Coach fell into the Ditch; by which sad Accident the Coachman had his Brains dash'd out, and dy'd instantly; the Maid's Arm was broke; but the Children were unhurt.

LUCERNA LUCIS, or LAMP of LIGHT.

For Cure and Prevention of Blindsight,
by anticipating the Gales of Convalesc. Diffusion and
Observation of the Opakie Herbs, &c. except all
Milk-Clouds, Mists, Fleas, Spiders, Gobules, and
other Sicks Apparitions from before the Eyes, by
which other in by Degrees a small Loss of
Sight, if not timely prevent'd. By this Opakie Serum the Lady Bellis, I. S. Tracy blind, and two blind from their Nails, were brought to Sight to the Roy. of Confection of K. Charles II. and K. James II., and also to her late Majesty Q. Anne, as in the Case of the famous Palms, Sigism. Vratisl. and others that were then blind of the Goods Service, i. e. when the Eyes seem as clear as a dove therefor, yet are blind, besides others that blind, growing worse and worse, so a small Loss of Sight, you have had that Sight instantly recover'd, and a Step you to the Danger, as operating by his Cellulas, infusing into the Least Residues of the Organs of Sight, whereby all dark Holes and Hags are chang'd up, like as by the Sun-Shine through the Clouds, are expell'd. It may be had by Procy, or making a Paste of the Cate, Age, Bar and Confection of the Palms, and convey'd into my Master Part, with Directions by Dr. T. CLARE, Physician and Oculist, to King Charles II. and divers' other crown'd Heads; he now living in his House in Fountain-Grove in the Forest, a Golden Bird over the Door.

M. B. The Doctor, and all his Son, Coachman, Carriage, different from the vulgar Persons' Methods, being without Confinement to Bed, or danger of Malady. No Letters reward'd orange Red paid.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Just printed,
The Archbishop of CAMBRA Y's Dialogues concerning ELOQUENCE; with his Letter to the French Academy, concerning Rhetorick, Poetry, History, and a Comparison between the Ancients and Moderns.

Translated from the French by William Stevenson, M. A. Rector of Merton-Court in Norfolk, and by him illustrated with Notes and Quotations from TULLY, QUIN, TILLIAN, LONGINUS, and others of the finest Writers both Ancient and Modern. Printed for J. Walthoe, Junior, over-against the Royal-Exchange in Cornhill.

N. B. The Book published by E. CURLL, under the dist. titl. of A TREATISE UPON THE CULTURE OF ELOQUENCE, consisting only of a few Extracts out of these Dialogues, prepared for a Book he printed five Years since, entitl'd, REFLECTIONS UPON LEARNING; which not having been able to disp. of under that Title, he is now endeavouring to impinge upon the World as a new Treatise.

This Day is publish'd, and will be deliver'd to the Subscribers,
+ MEMOIRS of the Right Honourable the Marquis of CLANRICARDE, Lord Deputy-General of Ireland, containing several Original Papers and Letters of King Charles the 1st, Queen-Mother, the Duke of York, the Duke of Lorraine, the Marquis of Ormonde, Archbishop of Tuam, Lord Viscount Taaffe, &c. relating to the Treaty between the Duke of Lorraine and the Irish Commissioners, from February 1650, to August 1652. Publish'd from his Lordship's Original Manuscripts. To which is prefix'd, A Dissertation, wherein some Passages of these MEMOIRS are illustrated; with a Dictionarie containing several curious Observations concerning the Antiquities of IRELAND. Printed for JAMES WOODMAN, at Camden's Head under Will's Coffee-House, in Bow-street Covent-Garden.

Just published, neatly print'd in 8vo.
+ A REVIEW of the HISTORY of ENGLAND, as far as it relates to the TITLES and PRETENSIONS of our several KINGS, and their respective CHARACTERS from the Conquest to the Revolution. With an Account of such of the Transactions in each Reign, as may tend to evince the Justice, or Partiality, of most Historians in these Particulars. Containing the Form of Depositing King RICHARD II. With the Arguments then used FOR and AGAINST the Depositing Doctrine, and the Proceedings in Parliament upon the Duke of YORK's Claim to the Crown against HENRY VI. Taken from the Original Records. As also the Steps whereby the REVOLUTION was effected, and the Debate at large in the Convention concerning the Abdication and Vacancy of the Throne. By Mr. Salmon. Printed for C. Burlington, at the Bible and Crown in St. Paul's Church-yard.

Where also may be had,
The LIFE of QUEEN ANNE, in a Vol. 2vo.
AT the Hungary Water Ware-house at the Black-Boy and Coach, a Toy-Shop in New-Street, near Fleet-bridge, is sold right
French Hungary Water, in large Half-Pint Glass Bottles, at One Shilling and Three pence each, being the same sort sold there several Years, or rather better, being a fresh French. One Spanish way, a Glass of Water as white as Milk, which the commonest Sort made black, only tinges of a Sky colour, by reason the Spices and Flowers are not so good in this Country as in France. So beware of Counterfeits made of English Malt-Spirits, put in the same sort of Spices, and sold at several Places in Town and Country, but will not turn Water white. Many Medicines and othes. may be supply'd by Wholesale and sold on these ales.

All Sorts of RUPTURES,

+ Berries or broken Bellies, perfectly cur'd by the Stomach of God, either as old or young, in a very little Time, and for a small Charge, by two Midwives to be immediately sold, without any Pub. or Conference of the Patients. These two Midwives and no other. Recommendation than themselves will suffice in two or three Days after, having to their advantage and experience being French. Called the Rupture they justly deserve both in City and Country, for above 3000 Years past, after wearing Trough for many Years no Pains. Many Hundreds of all Ages and Sexes have been cur'd by them, which are sold in this Publication, for the Good of the Publick, that all such unhappy People, as may be delivered from the Charge and trouble of other Medicines, may be relieved, as is done by the French. The French, which is generally sold in the common Cut, especially on a young Person; and sold only by Mrs. Broudy at the White-Horse Trough in Fenchurch-Street, one Aldgate, London. V. B. It is of the Use of an only Trifles, so that two common Medicines are apply'd to the Part afflict'd, till the Cut is placid; as you will see by the next page, being done with them.

*Just brought over from Barbadoes to the Rose Galley,
Capt. Toll. Commander.*

94 A parcel of the sweet Citron Water that ever came
from our Island, the pleasant Balsom it leaves behind it upon the Palms
without the City of Commerce Antiochick, will as sufficiently prove & pro-
mote the Cold Blood on the Flowers of the Pine which only grows there,
and from the bottom of such Bush. To be Sold at Mrs. Baker at the Cabin
on Judge Hill, near New Bedford on December 1st being lastly come from those
and to here, Leightons, at the Baker's farm without Tampico-Bay, at 8 o'clock
their Bush, and 4 o'clock the Pine. As both which Places are sold the only way
from Sherry Bay, and 4 o'clock the Pine. As both which Places are sold the only way

No. 30. A Gentlewoman dwelling near the Horn Tavern in Drury Lane, who had for a long Time languished with a violent Pain in her Breast, for Relief of which she made Use of many Medicines, but finding no Relief, she at last took the Medicine of JOHN MOORE, Apothecary, at the Peacock and Mortar in Alchurch Lane, near Lombard St. in London, which brought away such an incredible Number of Worms, as caused the Administrator of all that For them : since the coming away of which she has been very easy, and free from her former Pain. Any Person that desires further Satisfaction, applying to the said Mr. MOORE, will be directed to the Gentlewoman.

On the 31st of July last, Thomas Norton, a Joyner, came to Thomas Baker's Shop, at Dapdene in Kent, and took away a Parcel of Carpenters and Joyner Tools; This is to give Notice, that if any Person will give any Reward, he will be paid as follows: Reward. He is a middle-sized Man, with some Pock-holes in his Face, and an Impediment in his Speech: He commences work with a red Holland Hand-towel about his Head: He is about 40 Years of Age. Therefore, that Person that takes him, let them find a Letter to Thomas Baker, Holic-Carpenter, in Meaghs Field, Lower Dapdene, and he will come and give them the Reward.

27. Right to know under any Degree of his FERNERAL DISSEASE, or any of his personal Confinement, STUBBORN QUESTS, etc; and would neither be defrauded of their Health, Time, or Money, but be regularly and faithfully Cared for in a private manner, and not exposed to the public.

499 **The severe Affliction an incredible Number of**
People suffer through the Management of the first Degree of the Venereal Dis-
temper, of which scarcely One in Twenty are perfectly cured, notwithstanding
the learned Professors of many Faculties, and others of their ridiculous
Practices, &c., but are either strengthened, into the Grand Pestilence One
and, as so short time after they suddenly die, or fall into a despicable
malice Wherewithal the Other, which is shewn by all the Learned to be ex-
ceeding difficult, to Cure, is the reason of this Address to Men of Sense, (such
**only being expected to regard it) and of the Publication of the following Rec-
ommendations which have been experienced in very large practice. Practices far many**
Years, and always found difficult, being Skillfully adapted to every Degree
and Symptom of that grievous Disease in both Sexes, and all its malignant
**Consequences. Old Relics, ancient Medicines, &c., which violent Differ-
ence, whether newly contrived, or of long standing, or however dreadfully**
concocted, or whereever introduced, they never fail of most certainly cutting
without any kind of Assistance to death, Knowledge of the much Friend, or
**Enemy to the Constitution's heat in a short time reduces the unfortunate Pa-
tient to such former Health, as perfectly as if they had never been tainted**
with that fatal Malady, viz. The new ANTI-VIRULENT ARCANA, which
**certainly eradicates the pernicious Malady of the first, and every other De-
gree of the Venereal Disease, speedily, removing all Pain, Heat, and other**
Symptoms. Price 7s 6d. The SALUTARY WARM for all outward burns
which my Friends have said it perfectly Cures. Price 3s 6d. The
**STRENGTHENING VICTUARY, which abundantly cures all internal Efflu-
via, impudentia Epidemic, Wherewithal, Distemper, &c. the¹ of many Years**
standing. Price 5s. Which Medicines are perfectly depended upon, as fully
as the most expert Men and all the Architects, as also the most ordinary
Grocers and all Dealers of the Prints, Printed Vellies, and Urinary Pillages,
**as well as the 31 kinds of other Medicines, and are to be had, only, either Fe-
derate or registered by their Names aforesaid, at Mr. Chappell's Toy-
in Cornhill, Board up with Dimensions at large. In the Period of which, all**
those that are not acquainted with any Degree of the Venereal Disease, may
become expert Practises of their own Craft, and certainly know, without any
Doubt or Ambiguity, who, and when not, the Virulent Malady is perfectly
eradicated out of their bodies.

The wonderful Elixir for the PALSY, famous in most
parts of Europe, and now recommended by the very best Physicians in
London, as the most valuable Medicine in the World for that Disease; for
it cures all the Palsy, Paralysis, and other palsies, as well as the
various, and many other disorders, and then after all other Remedies have
failed, it has been found to be of great service, and to be of great
value. It immediately restores, restores, and strengthens the
limbs, nerves, and muscles, without any pain, and strengthens the heart,
liver, Viper of the Liver, Throat, and Lungs, Tonifies, fortifies and
restores the Heart, Liver, and other Organs, that hinder their free action,
and removes the weakness, languor, and languidness, that often annoy
old Persons, Children, or Travellers, to Administration, quickly removing the
trouble, and giving the Limbs, and other parts, a new life, and all the con-
siderable benefits, in a very short time, as I have often experienced.
All other Remedies of the above, is certainly worse, and is neither
equal to, nor can it approach the said Trunk or Distiller. It is to be had
at Mrs. BELL's a Merchant of the Cloth Boys and Girls near the
Market in Carmarthen, at 2s. 6d. a Bottle, with Directions.

THE Incomparable Powder for cleaning the Teeth, which has given so great Satisfaction to most of the Nobility, and Gentry, in England, near these Twenty Years that it hath been published, according to the many Counterfeits that have been published, endeavouring to imitate this the only true Original Powder. Sold only at Mr. HALL'S, Bookseller, in Dr. MELTON'S Church-Street, in CANTERBURY, and at Mr. MERCER'S Tallow-Shop at the Seven Stars near St. Dunstan's Church in Fleet-Street, and no where else to be had. It is said very much the Teeth are whitened by it, the nerves are made to relax, and extremely preventeth those from rotting or decaying, continuing them sound to extreme old Age. It exceedingly cures the Decay in the Gums, preventeth Rheumat or Detrition of the Worms at the Root of the Teeth, and chearly Maketh the Toof-dachee. It satisfactorily satisfies Justice Tolith, being a new chearly Mercader, of a pleasant and grateful Nature. Price 12d. a box. Note also, all the Nobility, Gentry, &c. who used to Mr. MELTON'S for the Powder for Teeth, are desired to give him Orders not to sell this Shop. (MAREHAM at length is under the Free-Sw. Socy.) because most of the Taylors in his Neighborhood, getting Multitudes come to his Shop for it, have trumpet up Counterfeits, and sell their Stuf in imitation of our known and approved Powder. In every Publick.

N. B. At the Stage-Places to hold the highly esteemed Lip-Salve for Ladies, &c. of a charming and delightful taste. Price 1 s. each Box.

ALL Inflammation and Scrofosis of the EYES.

This is to give Notice,
To the FEMALE SEX.

THE FEMALE SEX.
That Barrenness, Miscarriage, and all other Weak-
nesses and Indispositions in Women are thoroughly and speedily cured
by the Captainess at the Golden Key in Haydon Yard, in the Minories by
a very extraordinary Method, and exceeding late and plumpst Medicines,
many Years experienced; and are in very circuit and official, that absence
of Gentlewomen of Consideration, have been quickly and satisfactorily
Cured by her of Barrenness and Miscarriage, when thought impossible; and
great Numbers of Women and Maids of other grievous Distresses, for a small
Charge, after they had been left of by others as incurable. She is to be ad-
vised with at her House theremore, every Day in the Week. Those who
fond with her from the Country, are desired to send this Letter Publish-
paid.

Whereas I Thomas Sadler, dwelling with Mr. William Headon, at Chalwood near Hasley in Surrey, was four Years since grievously afflicted with the Bloody Flux, for which I made use of several Medicines, but found no Relief, till I apply'd my self to Mr. JOHN MOORE, Apothecary, at the Peale and Moore, in Abchurch-Lane near Lombard-street, London, who in a Short Time ge ready cured me. About two Years after I was miserably rack'd with the Rheumatism, sometimes all over me, so that I was unспособ to help my self, being carry'd from Bed, and to Bed ; I apply'd my self again to the said Mr. MOORE, who having effectually cured me of the Rheumatism also, I thin this may be publish'd for the publick Good.

THOMAS SADLER.
N. B. Any Person may be inform'd of the Truth of this, by my Brother Mr.
John Sadler, at the Corner of Long-Acre in St. Martin's-Lane.

55 A short and infallible Cure for the ITCH,
or any tickling Humour, or Sorebacke Bresling, on whatsoever, tho' it be
never so bad, or of never so long standing, by a speciall Receipt,
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